COMMERCIAL

Weekly Review of Trade and Market Reports.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—No. 2 red winter, spot, $1.63; No. 2 red winter, garlicky, spot, $1.50; May, $1.50.

Corn—Track yellow corn for domestic delivery is worth 77 to 78 cents per bu for carlots No. 3 or better.

Cob corn firmer with first hand offerings of prime yellow cob corn light, and a fair inquiry on a basis of $3.95@4 per brl. for carlots on spot.

Oats—No. 2 white, 49@49½c; No. 3 white, 47@47½.

Rye—No. 2 Western, export, spot $1.49½; bag lots nearby rye, as to conditions, $1.30@1.54½; yesterday No. 2 Western spot closed at $1.49½.

Hay—Standard timothy, $23@23.50; No. 2 timothy, $22@22.50; No. 3 timothy, $14.50@19; No. 1 light clover mixed, $20@20.50; No. 2 light clover mixed, $16@19; No. 1 clover mixed, $18@19; No. 2 clover mixed, $14@17.

Straw—No. 1 tangled rye, $17; No. 2 tangled rye, $16; No. 1 wheat, $14@14.50; No. 2 wheat, $13@13.50; No. 1 oat, nominal, $15.50@16.50.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 36@37c; creamery, choice, 34@35; creamery, good, 32@33; creamery, prints, 37@39; creamery, blocks, 35@37; ladles, 26@27; Western and Pennsylvania rolls, 20@22.

Eggs—Western Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 24c; Eastern Shore, Maryland and Virginia firsts, 24; West Virginia firsts, 24; Southern firsts, 23.

Live Poultry — Chickens, young, large, smooth, 40@42c; winter, under 2 lbs., 50@55; spring, 1¼ to 1½ lbs., 55@65; do, under 1 lb., 50@55; old roosters, 16; old hens, over 4 lbs., 35@36; ducks, muscovy and mongrel, young, 27@28; white pekings, young, 29@30; pigeons, old, per pair, 45@50; young, 45@50; guinea fowl, young, each, large, 85@90; old, each 50.

Potatoes—Western Maryland and Pennsylvania, No. 1, 90c@$1; New York, 90c@$1; Western, 90c@$1; Eastern Shore Maryland and Virginia cobblers, 90c@$1; McCormicks, 65@75; Southern Maryland, do, 75@85; all sections, No. 2, 40@50; No. 1, per 150-lb. sack, $1.50@1.75; new, Florida, No. 1, per brl. $7.50@8.50 No. 2, $4@5; No. 3, all sections, $2@2.50; South Carolina, $7.50@8.25; No. 2, $4@5; sweets, North Carolina, No. 1, per brl., $4@5; Eastern Shore Maryland and Delaware, No. 1, $4@5; Eastern Shore Virginia, $4@5; York River and Richmond, $4@5; yams, all sections, No. 1, per brl. $4@5; sweets and yams.

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot strong; No. 2 red, $1.69; No. 2 hard, $1.73, and No. 2 mixed durum, $1.62, c. i. f., track New York, to arrive, and No. 1 Manitoba, $1.80, c. i. f., track New York, second half, May shipment.

Corn—Spot steady; No. 2 yellow and No. 2 white, 81½c, and No. 2 mixed, 80¾, c. i. f., New York, 10-day shipment.

Oats—Spot firm; No. 1 white, 51c.

Live Poultry—Easier; broilers, 35@65c; fowls, 34; roosters, 16; turkeys, 25.

Dressed Poultry—Easier; Western chickens, 25@60c; fowls, 25@38; turkeys, 20@28; old roosters, 18@22.

Hay—Easy; No. 1, $1.40@1.50; No. 2, $1.30@1.40; No. 3, $1.15@1.25; shipping, $1@1.10.

Butter—Creamery, higher than extras, 36@36½c; do, extras (92 score), 35½; firsts (88 to 91 score), 31@34½; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 18.

Eggs—Fresh gathered, extra firsts, 27@28c; firsts, 25@26½; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, firsts to extras, 30@34; do, browns, extras, 31@32; do, gathered browns and mixed colors, firsts to extras, 26@29; storage packed extra firsts, 28½@29; do, firsts, 27@28.

Cheese—State, whole milk, flats, short held, specials, 18@19c; do, average run, 17½; state, whole milk, flats, fresh, specials, 16½@17½; do, average run, 16.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat—No. 2 red winter, $1.61@1.66; do, garlicky $1.52@1.57.

Corn—No. 2, 75@75½c; No. 3, 72@72½; No. 4, 70½@71.

Oats—No. 2 white, 50@50½c; No. 3, 49@49½; No. 4, 45½@46.

Butter—Western creamery extra, 37½c; nearby prints, fancy, 48@50.

Eggs—Nearby firsts, 26c; do, current receipts, 25½; Western extra firsts, 26; Western firsts, 25@25½; fancy selected packed, 35@36.

Cheese—New York whole milk, fancy, flat, fresh, 17½@18½c; fair to good, 16@17; long horn, fresh, 17@18; single daisies, fresh, 17½@18½.

Live Poultry—Fowls, as to quality, 34@38c; spring chickens, broils, not leghorns, 60@65; do, leghorns, 40@50.

LIVE STOCK

NEW YORK.—Cattle—Steers, $7.25@9.25; bulls, $5.50@7.25; cows, $1.75@7.

Calves—Veals, $7@11.50; culls, $6@7; little calves, $6.50@7; skim milks, $6@7.

Sheep and Lambs—Maryland spring lambs, $15; clipped sheep (ewes), $5@7; culls, $3@4.

BALTIMORE.—Calves—Veal calves choice, per lb, 11c; heavy, fat, 9½@10½; fair to good veals, 9½@10¼; ordinary to medium, 8@10; smooth, fat, per head, $15@20; rough, $10@13; common, thin, $5@10.

PITTSBURGH.—Hogs—Heavies $9; heavy Yorkers and light Yorkers and pigs, $9.65@9.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Top sheep, $7.25; top lambs, $11.

Calves—Top, $11.

Soft Melodies.

"Why are angels always represented as playing on harps?"

"Probably," replied Miss Cayenne "to keep our minds as far as possible from thoughts of the customary music provided by a phonograph in an adjacent flat."

It Was a Grand Finale.

Hearne—Was Samson a success as a professional strong man?

Byrde—Well, we know his last act brought down the house.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

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TIMES-VIRGINIAN

JOB WORK A SPECIALTY | DEVOTED TO THE LOCAL AND INDUSTRIAL INTERESTS OF APPOMATTOX AND BUCKINGHAM COUNTIES. | JOB WORK A SPECIALTY

VOL. XXXIV. NO. 21. | APPOMATTOX, VIRGINIA. MAY 25, 1921. | $1.50 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE

WORKERS TO PASS ON R. R. AWARD

600 Chairmen of Brotherhoods to Meet July

RECEIVE BOARD'S ACTION

Union Leaders Confer For Two Days On Decision For Revision Downward—100,000 Men Concerned.

Cleveland, O.—Approximately 600 general chairmen of the four big brotherhoods and the Switchmen's Union of North America will attend a joint conference in Chicago on Friday, July 1, to consider and pass upon the wage award made by the United States Railroad Labor Board, which becomes effective on that date.

This action was decided upon following a two-day conference of the railroad brotherhood chiefs here, at which the Railroad Labor Board's recent announcement of its intention of revising downward the wages of more than 1,000,000 unskilled rail workers was considered.

The board's announcement said the amount of the decrease, effective July 1, will be made public June 1.

The call for the joint conference was signed by Warren S. Stone grand chief engineer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; W. S. Carter, president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen; L. E. Sheppard, president of the Order of Railway Conductors; W. G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, and T. C. Cashen newly elected president of the Switchmen's Union of North America.

CUBAN PRESIDENT TAKES OATH.

General Crowder Will Remain On Duty In Havana.

Havana.—Dr. Alfredo Zayas y Alfonso became the fourth President of the Republic of Cuba. He took the oath of office before a brilliant assemblage in the national palace, the ceremony marking the end of one of the most bitter campaigns in Cuba's political history.

Immediately after the inauguration Mario G. Menocal, the retiring President, boarded a steamer for Key West on his way to Europe for a vacation He had held the executive power for eight years.

Earlier in the day Gen. Francisco Carillo took the oath of Vice-President of the republic in the Senate Chamber.

REPORT TIPPLE BURNED.

Twelve Cars Also Destroyed At West Virginia Mine.

Charleston, W. Va.—Governor Morgan announced the receipt of a State Police report that a large tipple at the mine of the Willis Branch Coal Company at Willis Branch, Fayette county was destroyed by fire. Twelve empty box cars were also burned, the report added.

A strike of miners has been in progress at Willis Branch since September, 1919. The mine was closed February of this year after the headhouse and other buildings had be dynamited. Since then the town he been almost completely depopulated.

RADIUM RETURNED BY PATIENT.

Left With Precious Metal In Body, But Didn't Know Value.

Oklahoma City, Okla. — Radium valued at $3,500, lost since May 3 when it was carried from the offices of an Oklahoma City medical firm by a charity patient, has been returned by mail. In an accompanying letter the patient, who had been instructed to return in three hours after the radium had been applied to an affected tissue, said he did not know its value until he read an account of its loss in a newspaper.

U. S. ATTACHES LEAVE CHITA.

Embassy Officials At Tokio Leave For Khabarcvsk.

Riga, Letvia.—James F. Abbott, commercial attache, and Major W. J Davis, military attache, of the American Embassy in Tokio, arrived recently at Chita, seat of the Government of the Far Eastern republic. Recent Vladivostok dispatches announced that Mr. Abbott and Major Davis were on their way from Vladivostok to Chita

$40,000 NECKLACE FOUND.

Pearls, With Platinum Clasp, Is Picked Up On Gotham Pier.

New York.—A pearl necklace with platinum clasp, valued at $40,000 was picked up by a customs guard at the pier where the Aquitania docked. The necklace did not appear in the ship's manifest and the theory was advanced that it had been lost or thrown away by some one attempting to smuggle it into the country.

WOULD HONOR F. K. LANE.

Park Board Wants Mountain Park Peak Named For Him.

Seattle, Wash. — Recommendation that a 7,000-foot peak in the Tatoosh range, Rainier National Park, be named Lane Peak in honor of Franklin K. Lane, former Secretary of the Interior, who died Wednesday, has been forwarded to the National Geographical Board by the Rainier Park advisory board.

TRAIL FIRE BUGS IN MINGO COUNTY

Heavy Loss By Fire at War Eagle Mine

STATE POLICE SWORN IN

First Anniversary Of Battle Of Matewan, In Which 10 Were Killed, Passes Quietly—Lewis May Mediate.

Williamson, W. Va.—The first anniversary of the battle of Matewan, in which 10 persons were killed, passed quietly throughout the Tug River zone, although 69 citizens of Mingo county took occasion to be sworn in as members of State police to act in case of emergency.

The oath was administered to the volunteers in Williamson and preparations were made to swear in others at towns in the West Virginia-Kentucky border fighting region. It was said that at least 200 men would assume the duties of State policemen to maintain law and order.

The authorities were busy investigating shooting at Rawl, War Eagle and at the Lyck Creek tent colony.

Reports indicated that the firing at Rawl was of a demonstrative nature. Late reports from War Eagle, where the headhouse, a conveyor and an electric locomotive at the War Eagle coal mine were destroyed by fire, were to the effect that the loss would amount to more than $50,000. Alex. Bishop, president of the Mingo County Court, went to the scene with bloodhounds.

John Tussing and Charles Tully, superintendent of the Crystal Brock mine, at Rawl, were fired upon while traveling in an automobile. They abandoned the machine and took refuge in the mountains for several hours. Capt. J. R. Brockus, of the State police is investigating the shooting.

Secretary Lewis May Mediate.

Washington.—Conditions in the Tug River section of West Virginia were discussed at a conference between Secretary Davis and John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America. An official announcement was withheld, but it was indicated that Mr. Davis might attempt to settle the differences between the miners and the operators which culminated in fighting a week ago.

Mr. Lewis said the miners were willing to meet representatives of the coal mine operators in an effort to bring about a peaceful settlement.

EIGHT INDUSTRIES PICK UP.

Six Show Decrease In Employment During April.

Washington. — Increased employment in eight major industries and decreases for the remaining six reported was shown in Labor Department figures for April. The largest increase was in the automobile industry at 25.2 per cent., others being woolen, 22.3 per cent.; hosiery and underwear, 7.6 per cent.; men's clothing, 7 per cent.; silk, 5.2 per cent.; cigars, 5.6 per cent.; cotton finishing, 1.7 per cent., and boots and shoes, 8 per cent.

Decreases were in car building and repairing, 12.3 per cent.; iron and steel, 9.7 per cent.; leather workers, 11.3 per cent.; papermaking, 11.4 per cent., and coal mining, 3 per cent.

105,710,620 PEOPLE LIVE IN U. S.

Revised Figures Give Gain Of 27,512 Over October Report.

Washington.—Final statistics placing the total population of continental United States as 105,710,620, or 27,512 more than announced last October, when preliminary figures were given out, were submitted to Speaker Gillett, of the House of Representatives, for apportionment purposes by Director William M. Steuart, of the Bureau of the Census.

Final figures place the total population of the outlying possessions of the United States at 12,148,738, which brings the population for the entire country and its possessions to 117,859,358.

BIG SINN FEIN LEADER HELD.

Seventeen Arrested In Connection With Recent Crimes.

London.—Scotland Yard detectives captured and detained one of the chief Sinn Feiners in London. There are now 17 persons detained in connection with the shootings and burnings of the last week-end, and plans discovered are said to show it was the intention of the authors to commit successive outrages night after night.

ENGINEER DIES AT HIS POST.

L. & N. Train Derailed In Tennessee When Rails Buckle.

Knoxville, Tenn.—Engineer Gleen Hurt was kiled, Fireman J. C. Burt seriously injured and a number of passengers severely shaken up in the derailment of Louisville and Nashville train No. 32, the Jacksonville-Cincinnati Limited, near Solway.

PRESIDENT REVIEWS CAVALRY.

Takes Part In Third's 75th Birthday Celebration.

Washington. — President Harding motored to Fort Myer, across the Potomac River from Washington, and reviewed the Third Cavalry as part of a celebration commemorating the seventy-fifth anniversary of the regiment's organization. Secretary Weeks and Major General March, Chief of Staff, were with the President in the reviewing stand.

CHIEF JUSTICE WHITE

CHIEF JUSTICE WHITE DEAD

Supreme Court Jurist Succumbs After Operation

27 YEARS ON TRIBUNAL

Had Remarkable Career—Distinguished Jurist Served In Confederate Army And The United States Senate.

Washington.—Chief Justice Edward Douglas White of the United States Supreme Court died at Garfield Hospital. His death had been expected for several days. Last week he submitted to an operation for bladder trouble and had improved steadily until last Tuesday when he suffered a relapse.

Chief Justice White was in a serious condition when he entered the hospital. He refused to go under the knife until he felt that his services were not needed on the Supreme Bench.

Coming from a family of judges, his father and his grandfather before him having been on the bench, Chief Justice White had had a judicial inheritance as well as legal training. His knowledge of the Civil Law was generally regarded as the most profound of any man that ever sat on the bench of the Supreme Court of the United States. He developed a specialty for questions of interstate commerce, and his contribution to the law of the land probably will be a permanent one.

He was born in the parish of Lafourche, La., November 3, 1845. His parents were Catholics, and he was of that faith. His education was in Catholic institutions. In his early youth, he attended the school at Mount St. Mary's near Emmitsburg, Md.; later he entered the Jesuit College in New Orleans, and finally he went to Georgetown College, of Washington, D. C.

Chief Justice White served in the Confederate Army during the Civil War; practiced law among the people of Louisiana, and became a sugar planter on its lowlands. His ability and high character were recognized by the people in repeated commissions as a public official. In 1874 he was elected as senator in the Louisiana Legislature. Four years later he was appointed associate justice of the Supreme Court of the State.

In 1891 Mr. White became a national figure. A senatorial contest was waged in Louisiana, and he entered the race. He had managed the campaign of Governor Nichols for re-election and had been prominent in the reform element of Louisiana. He had fought vigorously in favor of the antilottery movement. The Legislature finally chose him to succeed Senator Eustis.

Chief Justice White was in the Senate three years before he was elevated to the bench of the Supreme Court of the United States by President Cleveland in 1894. During that period he distinguished himself on many occasions. His nomination to the bench ended a memorable contest in the Senate. Two New Yorkers had been nominated by President Cleveland, but both failed of confirmation. Throwing to the winds the custom which for 88 years had kept a New York man on the bench, Mr. Cleveland named Senator White. He was confirmed within an hour.

HARDING OPENS ORANGE SHOW.

Sends Greetings To Californians By Telephone.

Washington.—From his desk in the White House President Harding opened by telephone the first annual California Orange Show at Anaheim, Cal. The President spoke a few words of greeting to the show officials at the other end of the wire and wished the enterprise success.

EARTH SHAKES IN SALVADOR.

San Salvador, Republic of Salvador. —Three strong earthquakes were felt throughout Salvador Saturday. There have been no reports of casualties or of material damage.

MR. VAIL'S FORTUNE $2,726,440.

A. T. And T. Co. Head Left Much To Charity.

New York.—Theodore N. Vail, former president of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, who died at Johns Hopkins Hospital April 16, 1920, left a personal estate of $2,726,440, of which $928,069 is taxable in New York State. Mr. Vail was a resident of Lyndon, Vermont. His will made large bequests to educational and religious institutions in the East.

RAIL BOARD TO PERMIT DECREASE

Prevailing Conditions Justify Readjustment

TO AFFECT MILLION MEN

Becomes Effective July 1—Only Unskilled Employees Of Roads Come Under This Order Of Federal Commission.

Chicago.—The United States Railroad Labor Board announced its intention of revising downward the wages of more than 1,000,000 unskilled rail workers, effective July 1. The amount of the decrease will be made public on June 1.

At the same time the board announced that it would hold hearings on June 6 regarding proposals by the roads to decrease the wages of other classes of employees, and would also make its decision in these cases effective on the same date. A similar decision in the case of skilled workers would mean a cut in the pay of practically every railway worker in the country on July 1 and would affect approximately two million men, it was pointed out.

The announcement, which said that "prevailing conditions justify to some extent, yet to be determined, a readjustment downward of wages" was entirely unexpected and came only a few hours after the close of the hearings which have been in progress since early in April. Neither the roads nor the representative unions had expected any announcement for several weeks.

On July 20, 1920, the board rendered a decision increasing the pay of all classes of railway employees approximately 21 per cent., or about $600,000,000 a year.

Several months ago several roads announced that they could no longer operate under this wage award and announced reductions averaging about 20 per cent. of unskilled employees. The workers appealed to the board, which decided that the roads could not make summary reductions, but must first hold conferences with their men and then, if no agreement could be reached, submit the case to the board for decision.

Practically every large road in the country then held conferences with its unskilled employees regarding reductions, and when the employees refused to accept cuts carried the case to the board. Nearly a hundred cases in all were thus appealed, and the board finally decided to hear them as a unit instead of separately.

In presenting their case, the roads pleaded that they were being forced to pay more for labor than they could employ it for in the open market; that reduction in the cost of living justified a similar reduction in wages; that they were being forced to operate in many cases at a loss, and that they wished to reduce their rates for the benefit of the public, but could not do so while forced to pay a wartime scale to labor.

The employees in their reply charged that the financial embarrassment of the roads was due to gross mismanagement; that increased rentals had practically nullified any decrease in other necessities; and that the wages paid rail workers were still below those paid in other lines of industry. Employees maintained workmen should receive a living wage, and introduced statistics to determine such a wage.

ACCUSED OF BURNING MAIL.

Carrier Said To Have Declared It Did Not Matter Much.

Philadelphia.—Accused of burning third-class mail because it was too much trouble to deliver it, Charles E. Officer, of Narberth, Pa., is under arrest. Frank Nevins, chief of Narberth police, alleges he saw Officer go into the basement of an apartment house with a bag full of mail and emerge later with the bag practically empty. He charged he found charred bits of mail in the heater. It is said Officer admitted burning mail, declaring he "Didn't think third-class mail mattered much."

TROTZKY ILL WITH CANCER.

Premier Lenine's Difficulties On The Increasing.

Riga. — Information has reached Riga tending to confirm the report that Leon Trotzky, the Russian Bolshevist War Minister, is seriously ill. He is said to be in a sanitarium near Moscow suffering from cancer. Some mystery surrounds the case, as recently Moscow reports were circulated to the effect that he and Ensign Krylenko, former Bolshevik commander-in-chief of the Russian armies, had gone to the Afghanistan frontier.

COSTA RICA ENTERS UNION.

Central American Federation Complete, Except For Nicaragua.

San Jose, Costa Rica.—Congress has ratified the agreement by which Costa Rica becomes a member of the Central American Union.

POLES ARE READY TO RETURN.

Want Allies, Not Germans, To Occupy Ground.

Oppeln.—The Polish executive committee in Silesia, of which Adelbert Korfanty is president, has telegraphed to the Inter-Allied Commission here stating the insurgents now are ready to retire sufficiently to insure immediate cessation of hostilities with the Germans, provided the ground they abandon is occupied by Allies, and not by German troops.

FRANKLIN K. LANE

BODY OF FRANKLIN K. LANE CREMATED

Funeral of Former Secretary Held in Chicago

WAS THOUGHT RECOVERING

Death Shock To Capital—Harding, Wilson And Government Officials Send Condolences To Widow.

Rochester, Minn. — The body of Franklin K. Lane, former Secretary of the Interior under the Wilson Administration, who died here, was taken to Chicago, accompanied by the members of his family. Mr. Lane died suddenly following an attack of heart disease.

Funeral services were held at Chicago, where his body was cremated following a private funeral, one of Mr. Lane's last requests.

Messages from President Harding, Woodrow Wilson, scores of Government officials and personal friends were received by Mrs. Lane.

Mr. Lane was operated on here May 6 for gallstones and appendicitis, and was said to be recovering when heart disease, from which he had suffered from time to time during the last eight months, developed.

Immediately after he had recovered from the influence of the anesthetic. Mr. Lane said: "I am surprised to be alive. I hope to be able to live a long life doing good things for others."

Following his resignation from the Wilson Cabinet, Mr. Lane sought to recover his health and came here in January of this year. He was advised to spend the winter in a warmer climate and visited in California, returning early this month. His condition was favorable for an operation and continued improvement was noted until the heart attack which developed this morning.

George W. Lane said that his brother left "no estate whatsoever."

PERU HAS MORATORIUM.

Slump In Prices And Exports Inspire Order Of Government.

Washington.—Establishment of a partial moratorium in Peru by Government decree was reported to the Department of Commerce by Daniel Waters, acting commercial attache at Lima. Debts owed banks are collectible under the decree at maturity in installments of 10, 20 and 30 per cent. at the expiration of 30, 60 and 90 days, respectively, with renewal of the remainder on like terms, the message said.

GIRL DENIES PRIEST STORY.

He Said He Had Been Duped By Her To Take Loot.

Toledo, O.—Wanda Urbaytis, rearrested after Father Anthony Gorek, New Chicago, Indiana, priest, said he had been duped into accepting $85,000 worth of Toledo postoffice loot from her, denied the charge here when arraigned on a conspiracy charge before a United States Commissioner. Bond was fixed at $5,000, which she could not furnish. "The whole affair is a lie," said the girl. "I don't know the priest and never heard of him."

$75,000 BONDS FORFEITED.

Chicago.—Bonds aggregating $75,000 for missing members of the Industrial Workers of the World who are under penitentiary sentences, were ordered forfeited by the Federal District Court of Appeals. The cases of nine men, including William D. Haywood, who is believed to be in Russia, were affected.

TIRED BUT STILL DEFIANT.

Bedford, N. Y.—Nine of the ten girls who made a spectacular escape from the Bedford Reformatory for Women, were captured in the woods near the Connecticut border and returned to the institution, tired and hungry, but still defiant.

MAY SOON PASS RESOLUTION.

Mondell Says The Situation Is Clearing Up.

Washington.—After a conference with President Harding, Representative Mondell, of Wyoming, the Republican leader, said he saw no reason why there should not be reasonably prompt action by the House in passing a resolution ending the state of war with Germany. He said the situation resulting from the reparations controversy apparently had been cleared up.

RADIUM GIVEN TO MME. CURIE

America's Gift Presented to Famous Scientist

THANKS FROM RECIPIENT

Jusserand Also Speaks—On Behalf Of France He Thanks "A People Who Always Seek Chance To Do Good."

Washington.—Madame Marie Curie, eminent French scientist, received from the hand of President Harding the gramme of radium purchased for her by American women in the interest of humanitarian research.

The presentation ceremonies took place in the East room of the White House in the presence of a notable group of American officials, foreign diplomats and leaders in science and philanthropy.

Jules Jusserand, French Ambassador, formally introduced Mme. Curie and she responded to the President's presentation address with a little speech of thanks, delivered in broken English.

In handing over the little phial, with its precious contents, the President declared it represented in small part the gratitude of the American nation to its distinguished guest for the years of effort which culminated in the discovery of radium. He took occasion also to reaffirm the friendship of the American people for France, and for Poland, the land of Madame Curie's birth.

Giving thanks for the gift to Madame Curie, in the name of the French Government, Ambassador Jusserand said the occasion was one of many manifestations of the generosity of "a people who always are watching for an opportunity to do good." Madame Curie's speech of thanks consisted of only a few sentences telling of her gratitude and her regard for America.

The radium, purchased at a cost of $100,000, was locked in a little ribbon-draped cabinet, which was handed to the President with its key by Mrs. William Brown Maloney, of New York, chairman of the Marie Curie Radium Fund. After the ceremonies, the guests, who numbered several hundred of the highest officials and most prominent scientists and philanthropists in the capital, were tendered a reception in the Blue Room by the President, Mrs. Harding and Madame Curie.

LID OFF MEDICINAL BOOZE.

New Rules Remove Limit On Prescriptions.

Washington.—New regulations have been prepared, which will enable physicians prescribing whisky for medical purposes to write as many prescriptions as they consider necessary, prohibition officials said. Under existing regulations physicians are limited to 100 whisky prescriptions over a period of 90 days.

The new regulations, officials said, were ready for consideration by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. The nomination of David S. Blair, of Winston-Salem, N. C., as commissioner, is awaiting confirmation by the Senate.

Removal of the limit from the number of prescriptions for whisky, it was explained, was made necessary by the opinion of former Attorney General Palmer, holding that Congress had not delegated to the prohibition authorities the right to fix arbitrary limits to the use of whisky for medical purposes. The only limit imposed by Congress, according to Mr. Palmer's interpretation of the law, officials asserted, was that not more than one pint could be prescribed for any one person within 10 days.

2 KILLED WHEN AIRPLANE FALLS

Lieut. Coates And Mrs. John Brady Drop 2,000 Feet.

Paterson, N. J.—Lieutenant William Coates and Mrs. John Brady were killed when an airplane in which they were riding fell 2,000 feet to the ground at the Preakness Flying Field near here. Spectators told the police that the machine had just come out of a loop and was making a bank when the wings crumpled and the plane fell.

BRIAND FAILS TO REPLY.

Does Not Speak In Chamber In Defense Of Policies.

Paris.—The Chamber of Deputies, which has been listening to interpellations on the foreign policies of the Government, adjourned until Tuesday next. Premier Briand did not speak in defense of his policies.

FREED FROM PRINCESS.

Marriage Of Captain Schutz Has Been Annulled.

Green Bay, Wis.—The marriage of Captain Wallace S. Schutz, Milwaukee engineer, to Princess Nadejda Troubetskey was annulled by Circuit Judge Henry Graass. The decision was sealed.

F. B. SAYRE CHASES BURGLAR.

Cambridge, Mass.—Francis B. Sayre, former President Wilson's son-in-law, who is an assistant professor at Harvard University, routed a burglar from his home here. He was aroused by the screams of a maid who was struck by the intruder when she discovered him in her room. Rushing to her assistance, Mr. Sayre saw the man going down the back stairs, and pursued him until he went through a window and disappeared.

VIRGINIA NEWS IN SHORT ORDER

Latest Doings in Various Parts of the State

TOLD IN SHORT PARAGRAPHS

Petersburg.—While playing in a sandbank, Roland L. Pittman, Jr., 9-year-old son of R. L. Pittman, was buried alive at 6 o'clock and was dead from suffocation when dug out a half-hour later by his father and neighbors. Three years ago another young boy met his death in the same way.

Harrisonburg.—The historical pageant, presented by almost 1,000 pupils of the Harrisonburg City Schools, was given on the Normal School campus, under the direction of the physical culture department of the Normal School. The pioneer history of the Shenandoah Valley was the motif, six successive stages of settlement being depicted.

Harrisonburg.—To stimulate interest in better stock raising methods among the members of the boys and girls agricultural clubs of the county, a Harrisonburg bank has promised to display the first and second prize pigs in the lobby of its bank this fall. Thirty-five dollars in prizes has been staked. It is stated that more than forty pigs have been entered in the contest, which will extend over a period of six months.

Danville.—Two .45-caliber army revolvers have been received by Postmaster W. N. Brown, for use in protecting the government mails. With the weapons came holsters and a quantity of ammunition. It was said that these were but an advance shipment and that weapons would be received shortly for all members of the day shift. The revolvers are to be checked in each night when the new shift comes on duty.

Fredericksburg.—A gift of great value, a set of fifty-three volumes on history and other modern literature, has been presented the Fredericksburg High School by Charles A. McHenry, of Chancellor, Spotsylvania county, and New York. Mr. McHenry has also secured a donation of chemicals and chemical apparatus from his mining school, which has been presented the chemical department of the high school. This gift is valued at $400.

Charlottesville.—Dr. Edwin A. Alderman, president of the University of Virginia, announced that he had received a gift of $100,000 from the Carnegie Corporation of New York, for the University's Centennial Endowment Fund. The only condition attached to the gift is that the money shall be used for purposes of permanent endowment and that it shall be payable after there has been raised not less than $500,000 for permanent endowment from other sources.

Harrisonburg.—As a result of employing "tree surgery" on the trees of his orchard near here, T. N. Thompson stated recently that he believes he will be able to save 99 per cent. of the trees damaged by the weight of ice, which played havoc with orchards here last fall. Mr. Thompson pointed out to an agricultural class that by the use of bolts, wire and steel bands, practically all the limbs which had been split from the trunks of the trees are still alive and vigorous.

Harrisonburg.—Eluding his wife and mother-in-law, who had accompanied him on a squirrel hunt, Lee Peer, aged 37 years, blew the top of his head off with a shotgun, according to reports reaching here. Peer lived near Maurertown, sixty miles north of here. He was known by his family to have been despondent over ill health for some time, this fact leading them to accompany him on the hunting trip. The wife and her mother heard the report of the gunshot and, getting no answer to their cries for him, summoned neighbors, who found the man's body. He had tied a string to the trigger and pulled it with his foot, it is said.

Harrisonburg.—Decision to pool all the wool grown in Rockingham county this year was reached at a meeting of the wool growers of the county held here. K. A. Kaithley, of the Bureau of Markets, at Richmond, was present and delivered an address on marketing wool. He said the wool grown in Rockingham county has the reputation of being the best in the United States, due to the fact that it shows less shrinkage. Three thousand pounds were raised in the county last year, it was stated, and it seemed to be the general belief that this year's production will exceed that of last. Staunton is the point chosen by the State Wool Growers' Association for the State pool.

Fredericksburg.—An allotment of sixteen purebred registered Jersey heifers to boy and girl members of the Spotsylvania Calf Club, was made here. The calves were distributed and financed by the Planters' National Bank, of Fredericksburg, to create interest in the raising of purebred cattle. Short talks were made by Captain R. Conroy Vance, County Agent W. R. Linthicum, of Spotsylvania, and Mr. F. A. Buchanan, dairy husbandman of the extension division of V. P. I., Blacksburg.

Lynchburg.—An advisory board for the Salvation Army work here has been formed for future development of the work, some twenty-five prominent business and professional men of the city being members of the committee.

Danville.—State prohibition officers raided an illicit distillery at Toshes, Pittsylvania, on the property of George Bennett, where a sixty-gallon copper outfit, six fermenters and other stilling material were effectually destroyed. The officers poured out ten gallons of liquor.

STATE CAPITAL

Schools And Recreation Are Rural Needs.

Richmond.—

Adoption of a resolution making the organization a permanent one, and an address by Henry C. Wallace, Secretary of Agriculture, were outstanding features at the closing session of the two-day meeting of delegates from all parts of Virginia, who attended the Rural Life Conference called by Governor Davis. Secretary Wallace declared that the future of the country depends mainly on upkeep of the farming industry. "The country life movement," he declared, "began in the cities and towns when prices of foodstuffs went up and various farm commodities began to become scarce. It was realized by residents of large communities that unless something was done to foster rural life, the country soon would become dependent on other nations for its foodstuffs, at the same time having to pay exorbitant prices for a lower quality."

Salvation Army Summer Camp.

If the Salvation Army is able to obtain permission from the War Department to move certain buildings from Camp Lee to the army's fresh air camp at Chester, it will be able to care for 100 women and children simultaneously through the summer This camp will open as soon as the schools close and will continue in operation until the middle of September, each group being cared for without cost to the individuals for one week. Commandant Garland, of the local corps, is in daily communication with Washington, and he believes the matter will be adjusted in his favor within a week.

Consolidation Of Roads Likely.

W. J. Harahan, president of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company, stated that certain consolidations of railroads in this territory are likely, while discussed by officials, actual plans are as yet in the making. He said that investigation into the practicability of such action and advantages which may accrue now is being conducted. With receipt of this report, it is possible that definite plans will be worked out for the proposed consolidation. It is said that the move will tend to economy of operation and will be of material benefit in arrangement of schedules.

Legion Questions Tucker And Trinkle.

Richmond Post American Legion, at its last meeting, adopted a resolution asking the candidates for Governor to state their position in reference to the question of adequate provision for sick and disabled soldiers who served in the World War. Copies of the resolution were forwarded to Harry St. George Tucker and E. Lee Trinkle by the secretary. It was announced that at the first meeting in June, the post would name delegates to the State convention to be held in Norfolk on September 1, 2 and 3.

Saunders Heads Salvation Army Body

Colonel John R. Saunders, Attorney General of Virginia, was elected permanent president of the Richmond Advisory Board of the Salvation Army at a meeting and luncheon held in the Richmond Hotel. It is the object of this organization to raise $50,000 in this city for the needs of the army in response to the annual appeal.

Taxpayers' Association Conference.

An important confernce of the Taxpayers' Association of Virginia was held at the Richmond Hotel. Delegates from all parts of the State attended Most of the conference was occupied with discussions of school taxes, construction of roads and the road bond issue. Purpose of the organization is to disseminate data of interest to taxpayers. The association is non political.

J. R. Henley Re-Elected.

Re-election of every officer, director and department head of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company featured the annual session of the stockholders and directors. The meeting was held in the board room at the Broad Street Station. President J. R. Henly's annual report was the only other important matter considered.

To Maintain Park At Manassas.

The State Corporation Commission granted a charter to the Manassas Battlefield Confederate Park, a non-stock corporation, organized to maintain a park near Manassas in memory of the first and second battles of Manassas fought during the War Between the States.

Smith Re-Elected Head.

W. D. Smith, superintendent of schools of Scott county, was re-elected by the State Board of Education in Richmond after investigating, in Bristol, charges made in March, when the election should have been held. Frequent attempts had been made to discredit Mr. Smith's administration, but only served to strengthen his position Dr. J. H. Wagner was chosen temporary superintendent in Bland county in place of H. H. Bruce, who declined to serve when elected, until the office can be permanently filled.

Boosts Round-Trip Fare.

By an order just entered, the State Corporation Commission authorized the railroads to file new master tariffs under which in future round trip fares to conventions will be on the basis of one and one-half fare for round-trip instead of one and one-third fare as heretofore. The commission refused the application of the railroads to increase the minimum number who must attend a convention in order to secure reduced fare, to 350 persons, and left the minimum at the old level of 250.